

# Aims

## At Totley All Saints, we aim to ensure that all pupils:

- are equipped with essential skills for life.
- develop the knowledge, skills and attributes they need to protect and enhance their wellbeing.
- will learn how to stay safe and healthy, build and maintain successful relationships and become active citizens, responsibly participating in society around them.
- will be provided with protective teaching on essential safeguarding issues, developing their knowledge of when and how they can ask for help.
- will develop their identity and self-esteem as active, confident members of their community.

## Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Making Relationships)

Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.

## Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Self-Confidence and Self-Awareness)

Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.

## Personal, Social and Emotional Development (Managing Feelings and Behaviour)

Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.

## Physical Development (Health and Self-Care)

Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise, and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe.

## Understanding the World (People and Communities)

Children talk about events in their own lives and the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.

## Understanding the World (The World)

Children talk about events in their own lives and the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.

FS2



P.S.H.E: Key stage 1					
	Health and Wellbeing	Relationships	Living in the Wider World		
NC Programme of Study	Pupils should be taught:  1. what is meant by a healthy lifestyle  2. how to maintain physical, mental and emotional health and wellbeing  3. how to manage risks to physical and emotional health and wellbeing  4. ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe  5. about managing change, including puberty, transition and loss  6. how to make informed choices about health and wellbeing and to recognise sources of help with this  7. how to respond in an emergency  8. to identify different influences on health and wellbeing	Pupils should be taught: 1. how to develop and maintain a variety of healthy relationships, within a range of social/cultural contexts 2. how to recognise and manage emotions within a range of relationships 3. how to recognise risky or negative relationships including all forms of bullying and abuse 4. how to respond to risky or negative relationships and ask for help 5. how to respect equality and diversity in relationships.	Pupils should be taught:  1. about respect for self and others and the importance of responsible behaviours and actions  2. about rights and responsibilities as members of families, other groups and ultimately as citizens  3. about different groups and communities  4. to respect equality and to be a productive member of a diverse community  5. about the importance of respecting and protecting the environment  6. about where money comes from, keeping it safe and the importance of managing it effectively  7. how money plays an important part in people's lives  8. a basic understanding of enterprise		

# Totley All Saints Church of England Primary School

#### Healthy lifestyles (physical wellbeing)

.H1. about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthyH2. about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugarH3. about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everydayH4. about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relaxH5. simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading H6. that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy H7. about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food and drink that support dental health H8. how to keep safe in the sun and protect skin from sun damage H9. about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing when to take a break from time online or TV H10. about the people who help us to stay physically healthy

#### Mental health

H11. about different feelings that humans can experienceH12. how to recognise and name different feelingsH13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave H14. how to recognise what others might be feelingH15. to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same thingsH16. about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings H17. about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep) H18. different things they can do to manage big feelings, to help calm themselves down and/or change their mood when they don't feel good . H19. to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for itH20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better

#### Ourselves, growing and changing

H21. to recognise what makes them special H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all unique H23. to identify what they are good at, what they like and dislike H24. how to manage when finding things difficult H25. to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles) H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group

#### Keeping safe

H28. about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe H29. to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm H30. about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters) H31. that household products (including medicines) can be harmful if not used correctly H32. ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely H33. about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe H34. basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted adult if they come across something that scares them H35. about what to do if there is an accident and someone is hurt H36. how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to sau)

#### Drugs, alcohol and tobacco

H37. about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these can affect how people feel

#### Families and close positive relationships

R1. about the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives R2. to identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for R3. about different types of families including those that may be different to their own R4. to identify common features of family life R5. that it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worries

#### Friendships

R6. about how people make friends and what makes a good friendship R7. about how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do R8. simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively R9. how to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy

#### Managing hurtful behaviour and bullying

R10. that bodies and feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people can say hurtful things online R11. about how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying R12. that hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult

### Safe relationship

R13. to recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private R14. that sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not R15. how to respond safely to adults they don't know R16. about how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe R17. about knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought R18. about the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually) R19. basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe R20. what to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard

#### Respecting self and others

R21. about what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others R22. about how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous R23. to recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others R24. how to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively R25. how to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them.

#### .Shared responsibilities

L1. about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations L2. how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them L3. about things they can do to help look after their environment

#### Communities

L4. about the different groups they belong to L5. about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community L6. to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people

#### Media literacy & digital resilience

L7. about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others L8. about the role of the internet in everyday life L9. that not all information seen online is true

## Economic wellbeing: Money

L10. what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources L11. that people make different choices about how to save and spend money L12. about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want L13. that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this

# Economic wellbeing: Aspirations, work and career

L14. that everyone has different strengths L15. that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do L17. about some of the strengths and interests someone might need to do different job





	Health and Well Being		Relationships		Living in the Wider World:	
Y1	Aiming High develop resilience and a positive learning attitude in the context of goal setting and aspirations	It's My Body healthy lifestyles, looking after your body, making healthy choices and consent	Team  new beginnings and classroom skills like listening, cooperation, teamwork and making good choices	Be Yourself recognising and expressing emotions, self-regulation skills and positive self- esteem.	Britain introduce British Values concepts, such as diversity, communities, neighbourhoods, identities and respect.	Money Matters introduces financial education concepts, including keeping money safe, shopping, saving and spending
Y2	Think Positive mental health and emotional wellbeing, including gratitude, mindfulness and self- regulation	Safety First safety indoors and out, including online safety, people who can help and the underwear rule	VIPs special people in families and friendships, and how to care and be kind to them	Growing Up parts of the body, boys and girls, gender stereotypes, keeping safe and consent	One World Global Citizenship, including caring for the environment and similarities and differences with other cultures.	Respecting Rights explore fundamental human rights and making sure that our rights and those of others are met.

PHSE: Key stage 2				
Health and Wellbeing	Relationships	Living in the Wider World.		
Pupils should be taught:	Pupils should be taught:	Pupils should be taught:		



#### Healthy lifestyles (physical wellbeing)

H1 How to make informed decisions about health

H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle

 $\mbox{\rm H3.}$  about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these

H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle

H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness

H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay. H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities

(e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunition to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle

H8. about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn

H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it

H10. how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed

H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)

H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer&

H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health H44. how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say H45. that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk<sup>3</sup>

#### Families and close positive relationships

R1. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships) R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different R3. about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong R4. that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others R5. that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart R6. that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another R7. to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability R8. to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty R9. how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice

#### Friendships

R10 about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing R11. what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships R12. to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone face-to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded R14. that healthy friendships make people feel included; recognise when others may feel lonely or excluded; strategies for how to include them R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary

R19 Managing hurtful behaviour and bullying About the Impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour R20. strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online

#### Shared responsibilities

L1. to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone L3. about the relationship between rights and responsibilities L4. the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others L5. ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)

#### Communities

L6 about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means L7. to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community L8. about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced

#### Media literacy & digital resilience

L11Recognise ways in which the internet and social media can be used both positively and negatively L12. how to assess the reliability of sources of information online; and how to make safe, reliable choices from search results L13. about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes L14. about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images L16. about how text and images in the media and **on** social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation

#### Economic wellbeing: Money

L17. about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this L18. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money' L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity) L20. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants L21. different ways to keep track of money L22. about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe L23. about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions



#### Mental health

H15 that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health — including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing H17. to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity H18. about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings H19. a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways; H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations H21. to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others H22. to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult H23. about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement H24. problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools

#### Ourselves, growing and changing

H25 About personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes) H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex H27. to recognise their individuality and personal qualities H28. to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking H30. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction H31. about the physical and emotional changes that happen when approaching and during puberty (including menstruation, key facts about the menstrual cycle and menstrual wellbeing, erections and wet dreams) H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene H33. about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made), how babies need to be cared for H34. about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty H35. about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring H36. strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages

#### Keeping safe

reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions

(including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming H38. how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations H39, about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can do reduce risks and keep safe H40. about the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely, (e.g. following instructions carefully) H41. strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about H42. about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for keeping safe online, including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what to do if frightened or worried by something seen or read online and how to report concerns, inappropriate content and contact H43. about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries?

#### Drugs, alcohol and tobacco

H46. about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break H47. to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others H48. about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines); H49. about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping H50. about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns

(including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support R21. about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it

#### Safe relationship

R22 about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online); R23. about why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns R24. how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know R25. recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact R26. about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations R27. about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret R28. how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this R29, where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online)

#### Respecting self and others

R30 that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online R31. to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships R32. about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background R33. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own R34. how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with

#### Economic wellbeing: Aspirations, work and career

L25 recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes L26. that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life L27. about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them L28. about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs) L29. that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid L30. about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older L32. to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)





Term	Health and	Well Being	Relatio	nships	Living in the	Wider World:
<b>Y3</b>	Aiming High Develop resilience and growth mindset while exploring careers, goal setting and aspirations.	It's My Body healthy lifestyle choices such as sleep, exercise and healthy eating, and teaches children about privacy and consent	Team  new beginnings, cooperation and teamwork, developing skills like conflict resolution and compromise	Be Yourself recognising and expressing feelings, being assertive, media influences and making amends	Britain British Values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty, tolerance and mutual respect	Money Matters financial education, including wants and needs, advertising, budgeting and strategies for keeping track of money.
<b>Y</b> 4	Think Positive mental health and emotional wellbeing, including growth mindset, resilience, positive thinking and self-care	Safety First online safety, road safety, managing dares, risks, hazards and dangers and when to seek help with this	VIPs friendships and relationships, including making friends, falling out and bullying and teasing	Growing Up parts of the body, human reproduction, puberty and healthy relationships	One World human rights, inequality, climate change, sustainability and charity	Respecting Rights explores human rights and finds out how we can be rights respecting and respect the rights of others.
<b>Y5</b>	Aiming High explore careers education, including goal setting, equal opportunities, innovation and enterprise.	It's My Body personal hygiene, healthy choices and habits, harmful substances, and positive body image	Team communication and compromise, cooperation, teamwork and new beginnings	Be Yourself assertiveness, recognising and expressing emotions, managing difficult situations and self- esteem	Britain British Values, Local and National Government, community, identity and making a positive contribution.	Money Matters key concepts in financial education, including financial risk, being critical consumers, budgeting and value for money
У6	Think Positive resilience and growth mindset while developing a positive attitude, self- regulation and mindfulness.	Safety First behaving responsibly, online safety, assessing risks and what to do in an emergency.	VIPs special people in families and friendships, and how to care and be kind to them	Growing Up body image, emotional changes, puberty, human reproduction and relationships	One World energy use, water conservation, climate change, biodiversity, human rights and protecting the environment.	Respecting Rights explore human rights and how rights respecting people protect and respect human rights around the world.